# 5,7,15PFR PLUNGER PUMP SERVICE MANUAL



# **PIJTTERSEN**

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5 FRAME: 310, 340, 350, 311, 341, 351, 317, 347, 357

5 FRAME OEM: 30, 31,34,35,42HS,43HS,45

15 FRAME: 650, 651, 660, 661,1050, 1051, 1057

7 FRAME: 530, 550

7 FRAME OEM: 51, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60,70

Optimum performance of the pump is dependent upon the entire liquid system and will be obtained only with the proper selection, installation of plumbing and operation of the pump and accessories.

SPECIFICATIONS: Maximum specifications refer to individual attributes. It is not implied that all maximums can be performed simultaneously. If more than one maximum is considered, check with your CAT PUMPS supplier to confirm the proper performance and pump selection. Refer to individual pump Data Sheets for complete specifications, parts list and exploded view.

LUBRICATION: Fill crankcase with special CAT PUMP oil per pump specifications [5PFR-18 oz., 7PFR-25 oz., 15PFR-42oz.]. DO NOT RUN PUMP WITHOUT OIL IN CRANKCASE. Change initial fill after 50 hours running period. Thereafter, change oil every 3 months or 500 hour intervals, whichever comes first.

PUMP ROTATION: Pump was designed for forward rotation to allow optimum lubrication of the crosshead area. Reverse rotation is acceptable if the crankcase oil level is increased slightly above center dot to assure adequate lubrication.

PULLEY SELECTION: Select size of motor pulley required to deliver the desired flow from Horsepower Requirement and Pulley Selection Chart (refer to Tech Bulletin 003 or individual Data Sheet).

DRIVE SELECTION: The motor or engine driving the pump must be of adequate horsepower to maintain full RPM when the pump is under load. Select the electric motor from the Horsepower Requirement Chart according to required pump discharge flow, maximum pressure at the pump and drive losses of approximately 3-5%. Consult the manufacturer of gas or diesel engine for selection of the proper applies its

MOUNTING: Mount the pump on a rigid, horizontal surface in a manner to permit drainage of crankcase oil. An uneven mounting surface will cause extensive damage to the pump base. To minimize piping stress, use appropriate flexible hose to inlet and discharge ports. Use the correct belt; make sure pulleys are aligned. Excessive belt tension may be harmful to the bearings. Hand rotate pump before starting to be certain shaft and bearings are free moving.

LOCATION: If the pump is used in extremely dirty or humid conditions, it is recommended pump be enclosed. Do not store or operate in excessively high temperature areas or without proper ventilation.

INLET CONDITIONS: Refer to complete Inlet Condition Check-List in this manual before starting system. DO NOT STARVE THE PUMP OR RUN DRY. Temperature s above 130°F are permissible. Add 1/2 PSI inlet pressure per each degree F over 130°F. Elastomer or RPM changes may be required. See Tech Bulletin 002 or call CAT PUMPS for recommendations.

C.A.T.: Installation of a C.A.T. (Captive Acceleration Tube) is recommended in applications with stressful inlet conditions such as high temperatures, booster pump feed, long inlet lines or quick closing valves.

DISCHARGE CONDITIONS: OPEN ALL VALVES BEFORE STARTING SYSTEM to avoid deadhead overpressure condition and severe damage to the pump or system.

Install a Pulsation Dampenin g device on the discharge head or in the discharge line as close to the head as possible. Be certain the pulsation dampener (Prrrrr-o-lator) is properly precharged for the system pressure (see individual Data Sheet).

A reliable Pressur e Gauge should be installed near the discharge outlet of the high pressure manifold. This is extremely important for adjusting pressure regulating devices and also for proper sizing of the nozzle or restricting orifice. The pump is rated for a maximum pressure; this is the pressure that is read at the discharge manifold of the pump , NOT AT THE GUN OR NOZZLE.

Use PTFE thread tape or pipe thread sealant (sparingly) connect accessories or plumbing. Exercise caution not to wrap tape beyond the last thread to avoid tape from becoming lodged in the pump or accessories. This condition will cause a malfunction of the pump or system.

PRESSURE REGULATION: All systems require both a primary pressure regulating device (i.e., regulator, unloader) and a secondary pressure safety relief device (i.e., pop-off valve, safety valve). The primary pressure device must be installed on the discharge side of the pump. The function of the primary pressure regulating device is to protect the pump from over pressurization, which can be caused by a plugged or closed off discharge line. Over pressurization can severely damage the pump, other system components and can cause bodily harm. The secondary safety relief device must be installed between the primary device and pump. This will ensure pressure relief of the system if the primary regulating device fails. Failure to install such a safely device will void the warranty on the pump.

When the high pressure system is left running with the trigger gun off, the by-pass liquid can be routed to drain or to the pump inlet. If routed to the pump inlet, the by-pass liquid can quickly develop excessive heat and result in damage to the pump. A THERMO VALVE installed in the by-pass line is recommended to protect the pump. An AUTO SHUT-OFF ASSEMBLY may also be used.

NOZZLES: A worn nozzle will result in loss of pressure. Do not adjust pressure regulating device to compensate. Replace nozzle and reset regulating device to system pressure.

PUMPED LIQUIDS: Some Liquids may require a flush between operations or before storing. For pumping liquids other than water, contact your CAT PUMP S supplier.

STORING: For extended storing or between use in cold climates, drain all pumped liquids from pump and flush with antifreeze solution to prevent freezing and damage to the pump. DO NOT RUN PUMP WITH FROZEN LIQUID (refer to Tech Pullstip (292))

#### **M** WARNING

All systems require both a primary pressure regulating device (i.e., regulator, unloader) and a secondary pressure safety relief device (i.e., pop-off valve, safety valve). Failure to install such relief devices could result in personal injury or damage to the pump or to system components. CAT PUMPS does not assume any liability or responsibility for the operation of a customer's high pressure system.

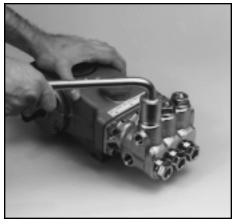


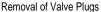


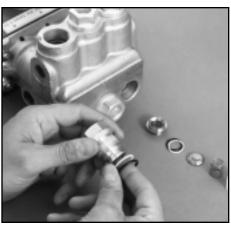
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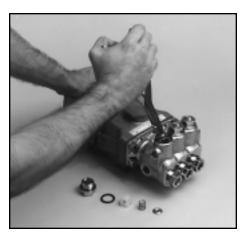








Examination of O-Ring and Back-up-Ring on Valve Plug



Removal of Valve Assembly

CAUTION: Before commencing with service, shut off drive (electric motor, gas or diesel engine) and turn off water supply to pump. Relieve all discharge line pressure by triggering gun or opening valve in discharge line.

After servicing is completed, turn on water supply to pump, start drive, reset pressure regulating device and secondary valve, read system pressure on the gauge at the pump head. Check for any leaks, vibration or pressure fluctuations and resume operation.

### SERVICING THE VALVES

#### Disassembly

NOTE: Usually the valve assembly will remain together while being removed.

- 1. Remove the hex Valve Plugs (top discharge, bottom inlet).
- 2. Examine the O-Ring under the Valve Plug for cuts or distortion and replace if worn. Lubricate new O-Rings before installing.

NOTE: On Models 43HS, 45, 56, 57, 59, 60, 70 there is an extended Valve Plug with O-Ring and Back-up-Ring. Install the Back-up-Ring, then the O-Ring into the groove at the end of the Valve Plug (refer to Tech Bulletin 058).

- Grasp Spring Retainer by tab at the top with pliers and remove from valve chamber.
- 4. To separate the valve assembly, insert a screwdriver into the side of the Retainer and press on the back side of the Valve to begin separation, then between the Retainer and Valve Seat to separate completely.
- 5. If the valve assembly separates during removal, remove the Spring and Valve with a needle nose pliers.
- Using a reverse pliers, remove the Valve Seat from the manifold chamber.

### Reassembly

- Examine Spring Retainers for internal wear or breaks in the structure and replace as needed.
- 2. Examine Springs for fatigue or breaks and replace as needed.
- 3. Examine Valves and Seats for grooves, pitting or wear and replace as needed.
- 4. Examine Seat and Valve Plug O-Rings for cuts or wear and replace as needed. Lubricate and install new O-Ring onto outside diameter of Seat and Valve Plugs.

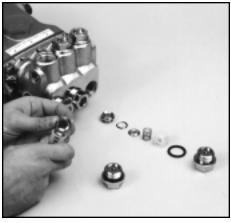
NOTE: Inlet and discharge valve parts are interchangeable. Two Valve Kits are needed for complete valve change.

5. Grasp new Valve Assembly by tab at top with pliers and push into valve chamber. Be certain Valve Assembly is completely seated in valve chamber.

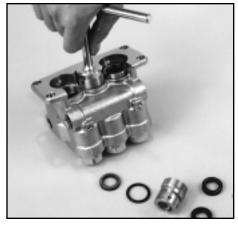
NOTE: For certain applications apply liquid gasket to the O-Ring crevices and seal surfaces (refer to Tech Bulletin 053).

NOTE: For Corrosion Resistant Models remember to install the Coil Spring between the Valve Plug and Retainer (refer to Tech Bulletin 046).

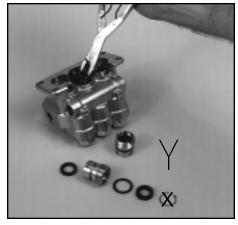
6. Apply Loctite 242 to the threads of the Valve Plug, thread into manifold port and torque per chart.



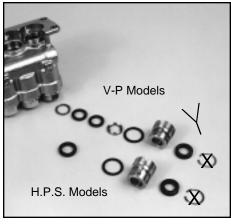
Order of parts in Valve Assembly



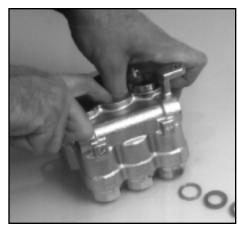
Removal of Seal Cases from Manifold Head



Removal of High Pressure Seals







Installation of Male Adapter



Order of Packings [MA, VP, FA]

#### SERVICING THE SEALS

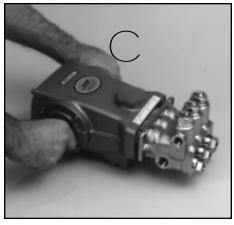
#### Disassembly

- Remove the Manifold Head as described in SERVICING THE PLUNGERS section.
- Place Manifold Head on work surface with crankcase side up.
- 3. On 5PFR and 7PFR plunger pumps prior to May of 1989, remove Snap Ring and Lo-Pressure Seal from each Seal Case. Discard Snap Rings (refer to Tech Bulletin 054).
- 4. On 5PFR and 7PFR plunger pumps after May of 1989, remove Lo-Pressure Seal from each Seal Case.
- 5. On 15PFR plunger pumps, remove Snap Ring and Lo-Pressure Seal from each Seal Case.
- 6. Remove Seal Case from each seal chamber. Remove O-Ring from outside diameter of Seal Case.
- 7. **Hi-Pressure Seal Models:** The Hi-Pressure Seal is generally easily removed from the manifold without any tools. If extremely worn a reverse pliers may be used.
- 8. V-Packing Models: The Female Adapter, V-Packings and Male Adapter are easily removed from manifold without any tools. If extremely worn a reverse pliers may be used.

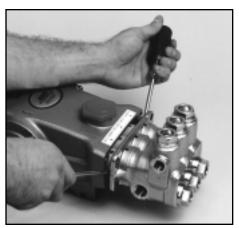
## Reassembly

#### V-Packing Models:

- 1. Lubricate seal chamber in the manifold.
  - NOTE: For certain applications apply liquid gasket to the O-Ring crevices and seal surfaces (refer to Tech Bulletin 053).
- Insert Male Adapter with notches down and "v" side up and press completely into chamber by hand.
- 3. Lubricate V-Packings and install one at a time with grooved side down.
- 4. Install Female Adapter with grooved side down.
- 5. Examine Seal Case O-Ring and replace if worn. Lubricate new O-Rings before installing.
- 6. Thread Seal Case into manifold and tighten with special seal case tool. Torque per chart.



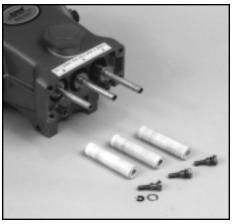
Separating Manifold Head from Crankcase



Removal of Manifold Head from Crankcase



Removal of Seal Retainers and Wicks



Ceramic Plunger and Retainer Arrangement



Proper Alignment of Ceramic Plungers for reassembly

#### **Hi-Pressure Seal Models:**

1. Lubricate seal chamber in manifold.

NOTE: For certain applications apply liquid gasket to the O-Ring crevices and seal surfaces (refer to Tech Bulletin 053).

2. Carefully square Hi-Pressure Seal into position by hand with the **grooved side down** (metal back facing out).

NOTE: When alternate materials, the fit of the special materials may be snug and require gently driving the LPS into position with a cylinder of the same diameter to assure a square seating and no damage to the LPS.

- 3. Examine Seal Case O-Ring and replace if worn. Lubricate new O-Ring before installing.
- Secure Hi-Pressure Seal into position by threading Seal Case into manifold. Tighten Seal Case with special seal case tool. Torque per chart.

#### Lo-Pressure Seal - All Models:

- 1. Examine Lo-Pressure Seals for wear or broken springs and replace if necessary.
- 2. Install Lo-Pressure Seal into each seal case with **garter** spring down.
- 3. On 5PFR and 7PFR plunger pumps **do not use** Snap Ring (refer to Tech Bulletin 054).
- 4. On 15PFR plunger pumps **install Snap Ring** into each Seal Case.
- Install the Seal Retainer with new Wick onto each plunger rod with tab down and wick out.
- 6. Rotate Crankshaft by hand so the two outside plungers are extended equally.
- Lightly lubricate the Ceramic Plunger, then carefully slide the Manifold Head over the Ceramic Plunger, supporting it from the underside to avoid damage to the plungers or seals. Press the Manifold Head into the Crankcase until flush.
- 8. Replace two (2) Lockwashers, two (2) Socket Head Screws for (4) Flange Nuts and torque per chart.

### **SERVICING THE PLUNGERS**

## Disassembly

- Using an M8 allen wrench on the 5PFR pumps, a M14 hex tool on the 7PFR pumps, or a M17 hex tool on the 15PFR pumps, remove the two (2) Socket Head Screws, and two (2) Lockwashers or four (4) Flanged Nuts.
- Rotate Crankshaft by hand to start separation of Manifold head from Crankcase.
- Insert two flat head screwdrivers on opposite sides to further separate Manifold Head from Crankcase or support the underside of the Manifold Head and tap lightly with a mallet on the backside of the Manifold Head.

CAUTION: KEEP MANIFOLD PROPERLY ALIGNED WITH CERAMIC PLUNGERS WHEN REMOVING TO AVOID DAMAGE TO EITHER PLUNGERS OR SEALS.

- 4. Remove Oil Pan and slide out Seal Retainer with Wick.
- Using an M12 hex tool on the 5, 7 and 15PFR pumps, or an M11 hex tool on the OEM 5, and 7PFR pumps, loosen the Plunger Retainer about three to four turns.
- Push the Ceramic Plunger back towards the Crankcase to separate it from the Plunger Retainer and proceed with unthreading the Plunger Retainer by hand.
- 7. Remove the Plunger Retainer, O-Ring, Back-up-Ring and Gasket. Stud may stay on Plunger Rod or come off with Plunger Retainers.
- 8. Remove the Ceramic Plunger, Keyhole Washer and Barrier Slinger from Plunger Rod.

### Reassembly

- Visually inspect Crankcase Oil Seals for deterioration or leaks. Contact CAT PUMPS for assistance with replacement. See SERVICING THE CRANKCASE section.
- Examine Barrier Slingers and Keyhole Washers for damage. Slide onto Plunger Rod with concave side away from Crankcase.
- 3. Examine Ceramic Plunger for scoring, scale build-up, chips or cracks and replace as needed.
- 4. Slide Ceramic Plunger over each Plunger Rod.

NOTE: Ceramic Plunger can only be installed in one direction (front to back). Do not force onto rod.

5. Examine O-Ring and Back-up-Ring on Plunger Retainer and replace if cut or worn. Lubricate O-Rings for ease of installation and to avoid damage to the O-Rings.

6. Install new Gasket, then O-Ring, then Back-up-Ring onto each Plunger Retainer.

# NOTE: OEM models have a longer Plunger Retainer Stud.

- 7. Apply Loctite 242 to exposed threads of Stud and thread Plunger Retainer onto Plunger Rod. Torque per chart.
- 8. Install the seal Retainer with NEW Wick onto each rod with tab down and wick out.

NOTE: Do not lubricate wicks at initial start-up. Operate for 10 to 15 minutes to allow grease from LPS to penetrate the plunger surface, then lubricate as needed.

- 9. Rotate Crankshaft by hand so the two outside plungers are extended equally.
- 10.Lightly lubricate the Ceramic Plungers, then carefully slide the Manifold Head over the Ceramic Plungers supporting it from the underside to avoid damage to the Ceramic Plungers or Seals. On the high pressure V-Packing models or larger manifolds, it may be necessary to gently tap with a soft mallet until the manifold is flush with the crankcase.
- 11.Replace two (2) Lockwashers, two (2) Socket Head Screws or four (4) Flanged Nuts and torque per chart.

#### SERVICING THE CRANKCASE SECTION

- While Manifold, Plungers and Seal Retainers are removed, examine Crankcase Oil Seals for leaking and wear.
- 2. Check for any signs of leaking at Bearing Covers, Rear Cover, Drain Plug or Bubble Gauge.
- 3. Check oil level and for evidence of water in oil.
- Rotate Crankshaft by hand to feel for smooth bearing movement.
- Examine Crankshaft Oil Seals externally for drying, cracking or leaking.
- Consult CAT PUMPS or your local distributor if crankcase service is evidenced.

See Section I of the Plunger Pump Service Video for additional information.

PREVENTA	TIVE	MAIN	ITEN	ANCE	CHECK	-LIST
Check	Daily	Weekly	50 hrs.	500 hrs.*	1500 hrs.**	3000 hrs.**
Clean Filters	Х					
Oil Level/Quality	х					
Oil Leaks	х					
Water Leaks	х					
Belts, Pulley		х				
Plumbing		х				
Initial Oil Change			х			
Oil Change				х		
Seal Change					х	
Valve Change					·	х
Accessories					х	

- \* If other than CAT PUMPS special multi-viscosity ISO68 oil is used, change cycle should be every 300 hours.
- \*\* Each system's maintenance cycle will be exclusive. If system performance decreases, check immediately. If no wear at 1500 hours, check again at 2000 hours and each 500 hours until wear is observed. Valves typically require changing every other seal change.

Duty cycle, temperature, quality of pumped liquid and inlet feed conditions all effect the life of pump wear parts and service cycle.

\*\* Remember to service the regulator/unloader at each seal servicing and check all system accessories and connections before resuming operation.

Refer to video for additional assistance.

Subject

#### TECHNICAL BULLETIN REFERENCE CHART

003Power Unit Drive Packages3PFR - 68PFR, 10FR - 60FR024Lubrication of Lo-Pressure SealsAll Models027Spring Retainer5PFR, 7PFR, 15PFR032Shaft Extension and Manifold Port310, 317, 323, 530, 550035Servicing Crankcase Section7PFR - 60PFR036Cylinder and Plunger Reference ChartAll Models043LPS and HPS ServicingAll Plunger Models045One-Piece S.S. Plunger Retainer w/Stud5PFR, 7PFR, 15PFR046Valve Plug with Coil Spring317, 347, 357, 1057047Blind Bearing Shaft CoverGearbox Plunger Pumps048Extended Valve Plug7PFR and 15PFR049Stainless Steel Hardware3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7051M10 Manifold and Crankcase7PFR and OEM052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 2FF072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain Kit <t< th=""><th>No.</th><th>Subject</th><th>Models</th></t<>	No.	Subject	Models
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O35 Servicing Crankcase Section 7PFR - 60PFR O36 Cylinder and Plunger Reference Chart All Models O43 LPS and HPS Servicing All Plunger Models O45 One-Piece S.S. Plunger Retainer w/Stud 5PFR, 7PFR, 15PFR O46 Valve Plug with Coil Spring 317, 347, 357, 1057 O47 Blind Bearing Shaft Cover Gearbox Plunger Pumps O48 Extended Valve Plug 7PFR and 15PFR O49 Stainless Steel Hardware 3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7 O51 M10 Manifold and Crankcase 7PFR and OEM O52 Plunger Rod and Stud 3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR O53 Liquid Gasket All Plunger NAB-S.S. Models O54 2 Piece Seal Retainer 5PFR and 7PFR O55 Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs 56, 57, 59, 60 O60 Baffle Assembly 34170 O61 Installation and Adjustment Procedure 8100 O62 Manifold and Seal Case 650 and 651 O64 By-Pass Hose Sizing All Unloaders/Regulators O67 S.S. Plunger Retainer 3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR O72 Manifold Head and V-Packing 1050, 1051, 1057 O73 Hi-Temp HPS 3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF O74 Torque Chart Piston and Plunger Pumps O77 Oil Drain Kit All Models (except 2SF/4SF)	027	Spring Retainer	5PFR, 7PFR, 15PFR
O36 Cylinder and Plunger Reference Chart O43 LPS and HPS Servicing O45 One-Piece S.S. Plunger Retainer w/Stud O5PFR, 7PFR, 15PFR O46 Valve Plug with Coil Spring O47 Blind Bearing Shaft Cover O48 Extended Valve Plug O49 Stainless Steel Hardware O51 M10 Manifold and Crankcase O52 Plunger Rod and Stud O52 Plunger Rod and Stud O53 Liquid Gasket O54 2 Piece Seal Retainer O55 Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs O60 Baffle Assembly O61 Installation and Adjustment Procedure O62 Manifold and Seal Case O63 By-Pass Hose Sizing O64 Manifold Head and V-Packing O65 All Models O67 S.S. Plunger Retainer O68 All Plunger Retainer O69 Manifold Head and V-Packing O69 All Models O60 Manifold Head and V-Packing O60 Manifold Head and Pecking O60 Manifold Head and V-Packing O60 Manifold Head and Pecking O60 Manifold Head and V-Packing O60 Manifold Head and V-Packing O60 Manifold Head and Pecking O60 Manifold Head and V-Packing O60 Manifold Head and Pecking O60 Manifold Head And V-Packing O60 Manifold Head Manifold	032	Shaft Extension and Manifold Port	310, 317, 323, 530, 550
043LPS and HPS ServicingAll Plunger Models045One-Piece S.S. Plunger Retainer w/Stud5PFR, 7PFR, 15PFR046Valve Plug with Coil Spring317, 347, 357, 1057047Blind Bearing Shaft CoverGearbox Plunger Pumps048Extended Valve Plug7PFR and 15PFR049Stainless Steel Hardware3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7051M10 Manifold and Crankcase7PFR and OEM052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	035	Servicing Crankcase Section	7PFR - 60PFR
045One-Piece S.S. Plunger Retainer w/Stud5PFR, 7PFR, 15PFR046Valve Plug with Coil Spring317, 347, 357, 1057047Blind Bearing Shaft CoverGearbox Plunger Pumps048Extended Valve Plug7PFR and 15PFR049Stainless Steel Hardware3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7051M10 Manifold and Crankcase7PFR and OEM052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	036	Cylinder and Plunger Reference Chart	All Models
046Valve Plug with Coil Spring317, 347, 357, 1057047Blind Bearing Shaft CoverGearbox Plunger Pumps048Extended Valve Plug7PFR and 15PFR049Stainless Steel Hardware3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7051M10 Manifold and Crankcase7PFR and OEM052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	043	LPS and HPS Servicing	All Plunger Models
047Blind Bearing Shaft CoverGearbox Plunger Pumps048Extended Valve Plug7PFR and 15PFR049Stainless Steel Hardware3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7051M10 Manifold and Crankcase7PFR and OEM052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	045	One-Piece S.S. Plunger Retainer w/Stud	5PFR, 7PFR, 15PFR
048Extended Valve Plug7PFR and 15PFR049Stainless Steel Hardware3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7051M10 Manifold and Crankcase7PFR and OEM052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	046	Valve Plug with Coil Spring	317, 347, 357, 1057
049Stainless Steel Hardware3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7051M10 Manifold and Crankcase7PFR and OEM052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	047	Blind Bearing Shaft Cover	Gearbox Plunger Pumps
051M10 Manifold and Crankcase7PFR and OEM052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	048	Extended Valve Plug	7PFR and 15PFR
052Plunger Rod and Stud3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFR053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	049	Stainless Steel Hardware	3PFR7, 5PFR7, 15PFR7
053Liquid GasketAll Plunger NAB-S.S. Models0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	051	M10 Manifold and Crankcase	7PFR and OEM
0542 Piece Seal Retainer5PFR and 7PFR058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	052	Plunger Rod and Stud	3PFR, 5PFR, 15PFR, 35PFR, 60PFF
058Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs56, 57, 59, 60060Baffle Assembly34170061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	053	Liquid Gasket	All Plunger NAB-S.S. Models
060         Baffle Assembly         34170           061         Installation and Adjustment Procedure         8100           062         Manifold and Seal Case         650 and 651           064         By-Pass Hose Sizing         All Unloaders/Regulators           067         S.S. Plunger Retainer         3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR           072         Manifold Head and V-Packing         1050, 1051, 1057           073         Hi-Temp HPS         3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF           074         Torque Chart         Piston and Plunger Pumps           077         Oil Drain Kit         All Models (except 2SF/4SF)	054	2 Piece Seal Retainer	5PFR and 7PFR
061Installation and Adjustment Procedure8100062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	058	Forged Manifold and Extended Valve Plugs	56, 57, 59, 60
062Manifold and Seal Case650 and 651064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	060	Baffle Assembly	34170
064By-Pass Hose SizingAll Unloaders/Regulators067S.S. Plunger Retainer3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	061	Installation and Adjustment Procedure	8100
067         S.S. Plunger Retainer         3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR           072         Manifold Head and V-Packing         1050, 1051, 1057           073         Hi-Temp HPS         3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF           074         Torque Chart         Piston and Plunger Pumps           077         Oil Drain Kit         All Models (except 2SF/4SF)	062	Manifold and Seal Case	650 and 651
072Manifold Head and V-Packing1050, 1051, 1057073Hi-Temp HPS3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF074Torque ChartPiston and Plunger Pumps077Oil Drain KitAll Models (except 2SF/4SF)	064	By-Pass Hose Sizing	All Unloaders/Regulators
073     Hi-Temp HPS     3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF       074     Torque Chart     Piston and Plunger Pumps       077     Oil Drain Kit     All Models (except 2SF/4SF)	067	S.S. Plunger Retainer	3PFR, 5PFR, 7PFR
074     Torque Chart     Piston and Plunger Pumps       077     Oil Drain Kit     All Models (except 2SF/4SF)	072	Manifold Head and V-Packing	1050, 1051, 1057
<b>077</b> Oil Drain Kit All Models (except 2SF/4SF)	073	Hi-Temp HPS	3PFR, 5PFR, 2SF
	074	Torque Chart	Piston and Plunger Pumps
083   Winterizing a Pump   All Models	077	Oil Drain Kit	All Models (except 2SF/4SF)
	083	Winterizing a Pump	All Models

TORQUE CHART							
Pump I Pump N		Thread	Tool Size [P/N]		Forque ft.lbs.		
PLUNG	SER RETAINER						
1	lodels dard Models		M11 Hex [44044] M12 Hex	55 55	4.4 4.4	6 6	
MANIF	OLD HEAD BOLTS						
5PFR	30, 31, 34, 35 310, 340, 350 311, 341, 351 317, 347, 357	M10	M8 Allen [25052]	220	18.1	25	
5PFR	42HS, 43HS, 45	M10	M8 Allen [33046]	220	18.1	25	
7PFR	510, 530, 550 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 70	M10	M14 Hex [25053]	220	18.1	25	
15PFR	650, 651, 660, 661 1050, 1051, 1057	M10	M17 Hex [25083]	220	18.1	25	
VALVE	PLUGS						
5PFR	30, 31, 34, 35 310, 311, 317 340, 341, 347 350, 351, 357 42HS	M22	M24 Hex [44046]	870	72.3	98	
5PFR	43HS, 45	M25	M24 Hex [44046]	520	43.4	59	
7PFR	530, 550 51, 55, 56, 57, 58 59, 60, 70	3/4" SPT	M27 Hex [44045]	870	72.3	98	
15PFR	650, 651, 660, 661 1050, 1051, 1057	3/4" SPT	M27 Hex [44045]	870	72.3	98	
CRAN	(CASE COVER/BEARI	NG COVE	R SCREWS				
5PFR	30, 31, 34, 35 310, 340, 350 317, 347, 357 311, 341, 351	M6	M10 Hex/Phil. [25082]	50	4.0	6	
5PFR	42HS, 43HS, 45		M10 Hex/Phil. [25082] M13 Hex [25324]	50 115	4.0 9.4	6 13	
7PFR	51, 53, 55, 56, 57, 59, 60, 70	M6	M10 Hex [25082]	115	9.4	13	
15PFR	650, 1050	M6	M10 Hex [25082]	50	4.0	5.7	
SEAL (	CASE						
5PFR	30, 31, 34, 35 310, 311, 317 340, 341, 347 350, 351, 357	N/A	1/2" Soc. Drive [33004]	354	29.5	40	
	42HS, 43HS, 45	N/A	1/2" Soc. Drive [33005]	354	29.5	40	
7PFR	51, 53, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 70 530, 550	N/A	1/2" Soc. Drive [33005]	354	29.5	40	
15PFR	650, 651, 660, 661 1050, 1051, 1057		1/2" Soc. Drive [33006] 1/2" Soc. Drive [33006]		28.8 32.5	39 44	
	E OIL GAUGE	M28	Oil Gauge Tool [44050]	45	3.6	5	
MOLINI	TING BO! TS						
	TING BOLTS 7PFR		M13 Hex [25324] M17 Hex [25083]	115 240	9.4 19.7	13 29	

### **INLET CONDITION CHECK-LIST**

#### **Review Before Start-Up**

Inadequate inlet conditions can cause serious malfunctions in the best designed pump. Surprisingly, the simplest of things can cause the most severe problems or go unnoticed to the unfamiliar or untrained eye. REVIEW THIS CHECK-LIST BEFORE OPERATION OF ANY SYSTEM. Remember, no two systems are alike, so there can be no **ONE** best way to set-up a system. All factors must be carefully considered.

**INLET SUPPLY** should exceed the maximum flow being delivered by the pump to assure proper performance.

- Open inlet shut-off valve and turn on water supply to avoid starving the pump. DO NOT RUN PUMP DRY.
- ☐ Temperatures above 130°F are permissible. Add 1/2 PSI inlet pressure per each degree F over 130°F. Elastomer or RPM changes may be required. See Tech Bulletin 002 or call CAT PUMPS for recommendations.
- Avoid closed loop systems especially with high temperature, ultra-high pressure or large volumes. Conditions vary with regulating/unloader valve.
- □ Low vapor pressure liquids, such as solvents, require a booster pump and C.A.T. to maintain adequate inlet supply.
- Higher viscosity liquids require a positive head and a C.A.T. to assure adequate inlet supply.
- ☐ Higher temperature liquids tend to vaporize and require positive heads and C.A.T. to assure adequate inlet supply.
- □ When using an inlet supply reservoir, size it to provide adequate liquids to accommodate the maximum output of the pump, generally a minimum of 6-10 times the GPM (however, a combination of system factors can change this requirement); provide adequate baffling in the tank to eliminate air bubbles and turbulence; install diffusers on all return lines to the tank.

INLET LINE SIZE should be adequate to avoid starving the pump.

- ☐ Line size must be a minimum of one size larger than the pump inlet fitting. Avoid tees, 90 degree elbows or valves in the inlet line of the pump to reduce the risk of flow restriction and cavitation.
- □ The line MUST be a FLEXIBLE hose, NOT a rigid pipe, and reinforced on SUCTION systems to avoid collapsing.
   □ The simpler the inlet plumbing the less the potential for problems. Keep the
- ☐ The simpler the inlet plumbing the less the potential for problems. Keep the length to a minimum, the number of elbows and joints to a minimum (ideally no elbows) and the inlet accessories to a minimum.
- Use pipe sealant to assure air-tight, positive sealing pipe joints.

INLET PRESSURE should fall within the specifications of the pump.

- Acceleration loss of liquids may be increased by high RPM, high temperatures, low vapor pressures or high viscosity and may require pressurized inlet and C.A.T. to maintain adequate inlet supply. DO NOT USE C.A.T. WITH SUCTION INI FT
- Optimum pump performance is obtained with +20 PSI (1.4 BAR) inlet pressure and a C.A.T. for certain applications. With adequate inlet plumbing, most pumps will perform with flooded suction. Maximum inlet pressure is 60 PSI (4 BAR).
- After prolonged storage, pump should be rotated by hand and purged of air to facilitate priming. Disconnect the discharge port and allow liquid to pass through pump and measure flow.

**INLET ACCESSORIES** are designed to protect against overpressurization, control inlet flow, contamination or temperature and provide ease of servicing.

- □ A shut-off valve is recommended to facilitate maintenance.
- Installation of a C.A.T. is essential in applications with stressful conditions such as high temperatures, booster pump feed or long inlet lines. Do not use C.A.T. with negative inlet pressure.
- A stand pipe can be used in some applications to help maintain a positive head at the pump inlet.
- ☐ Inspect and clean inlet filters on a regular schedule to avoid flow restriction.
- ☐ A pressure transducer is necessary to accurately read inlet pressure. (Short term, intermittent cavitation will not register on a standard gauge.)
- ☐ All accessories should be sized to avoid restricting the inlet flow.
- All accessories should be compatible with the solution being pumped to prevent premature failure or malfunction.
- Optional inlet protection can be achieved by installing a pressure cutoff switch between the inlet filter and the pump to shut off pump when there is no positive inlet pressure.

**BY-PASS TO INLET** Care should be exercised when deciding the method of by-pass from control valves.

- ☐ It is recommended the by-pass be directed to a baffled reservoir tank, with at least one baffle between the by-pass line and the inlet line to the pump.
- □ Although not recommended, by-pass liquid may be returned to the inlet line of the pump if the system is properly designed to protect your pump. A PRESSURE REDUCING VALVE must be installed on the inlet line (BETWEEN THE BY-PASS CONNECTION AND THE INLET TO THE PUMP) to avoid excessive pressure to the inlet of the pump. It is also recommended that a THERMO VALVE be used in the by-pass line to monitor the temperature build-up in the by-pass loop to avoid premature seal failure.
- A low-pressure, flexible cloth braid (not metal braid) hose should be used from the by-pass connection to the inlet of the pump.
- Caution should be exercised not to undersize the by-pass hose diameter and length. Refer to Technical Bulletin 64 for additional information on the size and length of the by-pass line.
- ☐ Check the pressure in the by-pass line to avoid overpressurizing the inlet.
- ☐ The by-pass line should be connected to the pump inlet line at a gentle angle of 45° or less and no closer than 10 times the pump inlet port diameter e.g. 1-1/2" port size = 15" distance from pump inlet port.

# **HOSE FRICTION LOSS**

Water*		PRESSURE DROP IN PSI PER 100 FT OF H WITH TYPICAL WATER FLOW RATES Hose Inside Diameters, Inches						
Gal/Min	1/4	5/16	3/8	1/2	5/8	3/4	1"	
0.5	16	5	2					
1	54	20	7	2				
2	180	60	25	6	2			
3	380	120	50	13	4	2		
4		220	90	24	7	3		
5		320	130	34	10	4		
6			220	52	16	7	1	
8			300	80	25	10	2	
10			450	120	38	14	3	
15			900	250	80	30	7	
20			1600	400	121	50	12	
25				650	200	76	19	
30					250	96	24	
40					410	162	42	
50					600	235	62	
60	l	I	I		l	370	93	

\*At a fixed flow rate with a given size hose, the pressure drop across a given hose length will be directly proportional. A 50 ft. hose will exhibit one-half the pressure drop of a 100 ft. hose. Above values shown are valid at all pressure levels.

# WATER LINE PRESSURE LOSS PRESSURE DROP IN PSI PER 100 FEET

Water	Steel Pipe—Nominal Dia.	Brass Pipe—Nominal Dia.	Copper Tubing O.D. Type L 1/4 3/8 1/2 5/8 3/4 7/8
GPM	1/4 3/8 1/2 3/4 1 11/4 11/2	1/4 3/8 1/2 3/4 1 11/4 11/2	
1	8.5 1.9	6.0 1.6	120 13 2.9 1.0
2	30 7.0 2.1	20 5.6 1.8	400 45 10 3.4 1.3
3	60 14 4.5 1.1	40 11 3.6	94 20 6.7 2.6
5	150 36 12 2.8	100 28 9.0 2.2	230 50 17 6.1 3.0
8	330 86 28 6.7 1.9	220 62 21 5.2 1.6	500 120 40 15 6.5
10	520 130 43 10 3.0	320 90 30 7.8 2.4	180 56 22 10
15	270 90 21 6.2 1.6	190 62 16 5.0 1.5	120 44 20
25	670 240 56 16 4.2 2.0	470 150 40 12 3.8 1.7	330 110 50
40	66 17 8.0	39 11 5.0	550 200 88
60	37 17	23 11	
80	52 29	40 19	
100	210 107 48	61 28	

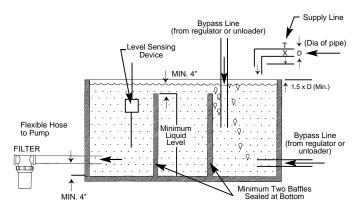
# RESISTANCE OF VALVES AND FITTINGS

Nominal		Е	quivale	ent Ler	gth of	Standa	rd Pipe	e in Fe	et
Pipe Size Inches	Inside Diameter Inches	Gate Valve	Globe Valve	Angle Valve	45° Elbow	90° Elbow	180° Close Ret	Tee Thru Run	Tee Thru Branch
1/2	0.622	0.41	18.5	9.3	0.78	1.67	3.71	0.93	3.33
3/4	0.824	0.54	24.5	12.3	1.03	2.21	4.90	1.23	4.41
1	1.049	0.69	31.2	15.6	1.31	2.81	6.25	1.56	5.62
11/4	1.380	0.90	41.0	20.5	1.73	3.70	8.22	2.06	7.40
11/2	1.610	1.05	48.0	24.0	2.15	4.31	9.59	2.40	8.63
2	2.067	1.35	61.5	30.8	2.59	5.55	12.30	3.08	11.60
21/2	2.469	1.62	73.5	36.8	3.09	6.61	14.70	3.68	13.20
3	3.068	2.01	91.5	45.8	3.84	8.23	18.20	4.57	16.40
4	4.026	2.64	120.0	60.0	5.03	10.80	23.90	6.00	21.60

Arriving at a total line pressure loss, consideration should then be given to pressure loss created by valves, fittings and elevation of lines.

If a sufficient number of valves and fittings are incorporated in the system to materially affect the total line loss, add to the total line length, the equivalent length of line of each valve or fitting.

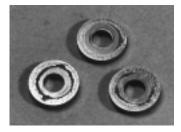
# TYPICAL RESERVOIR TANK RECOMMENDED 6 TO 10 TIMES SYSTEM CAPACITY



# Handy Formulas to Help You

- Q. How can I find the RPM needed to get specific GPM (Gallons Per Minute) I want?
- A. Desired RPM = Desired GPM x  $\frac{\text{Rated RPM}}{\text{Rated GPM}}$
- Q. I have to run my pump at a certain RPM. How do I figure the GPM I'll get?
- A. Desired GPM = Desired RPM x  $\frac{\text{Rated GPM}}{\text{Rated RPM}}$
- Q. Is there a simple way to find the approximate horsepower I'll need to run the pump?
- A. Electric Brake Horsepower Required =  $\frac{\text{GPM x PSI}}{1460}$  (Standard 85% Mech. Efficiency)
- Q. What size motor pulley should I use?
- A. Pump Pulley (Outer Diameter) x  $\frac{\text{Pump RPM}}{\text{Motor/Engine RPM}}$   $\frac{\text{(Consult Engine Mfr.)}}{\text{Engine Mfr.)}}$
- Q. How do I calculate the torque for my hydraulic drive system?
- A. Torque (ft. lbs.) = 3.6  $\left(\frac{\text{GPM x PSI}}{\text{RPM}}\right)$

# **Avoid Cavitation Damage**





One or several of the conditions shown in the chart below may contribute to cavitation in a system resulting in premature wear, system downtime and unnecessary operating costs.

CONDITION	SOLUTION
Inadequate inlet line size	<ul> <li>Increase line size to the inlet port or one size larger</li> </ul>
Water hammering liquid acceleration/ deacceleration	<ul><li>Install C.A.T. Tube</li><li>Move pump closer to liquid supply</li></ul>
Rigid Inlet Plumbing	<ul> <li>Use flexible wire reinforced hose to absorb pulsation and pressure spikes</li> </ul>
Excessive Elbows in Inlet Plumbing	• Keep elbows to a minimum and less than 90°
Excessive liquid Temperature	<ul> <li>Use Thermo Valve in bypass line</li> <li>Do not exceed pump temperature specifications</li> <li>Substitute closed loop with baffled holding tank</li> <li>Adequately size tank for frequent or high volume bypass</li> <li>Pressure feed high temperature liquids</li> <li>Properly ventilate cabinets and rooms</li> </ul>
Air Leaks in Plumbing	Check all connections     Use PTFE thread tape or pipe thread sealant
Agitation in Supply Tank	Size tank according to pump output —     Minimum 6-10 times system GPM     Baffle tank to purge air from liquid and separate inlet from discharge
High Viscosity Liquids	Verify viscosity against pump specifications before operation     Elevate liquid temperature enough to reduce viscosity     Lower RPM of pump     Pressure feed pump     Increase inlet line size
Clogged Filters	Perform regular maintenance or use clean filters to monitor build up     Use adequate mesh size for liquid and pump specifications

# **DIAGNOSIS AND MAINTENANCE**

One of the most important steps in a high pressure system is to establish a regular maintenance program. This will vary slightly with each system and is determined by various elements such as the duty cycle, the liquid being pumped, the actual specifications vs rated specifications of the pump, the ambient conditions, the inlet conditions and the accessories in the system. A careful review of the necessary inlet conditions and protection devices required before the system is installed will eliminate many potential problems.

CAT PUMPS are very easy pumps to service and require far less frequent service than most pumps. Typically, only common tools are required, making in-field service convenient, however, there are a few custom tools, special to certain models, that do simplify the process. This service manual is designed to assist you with the disassembly and reassembly of your pump. The following guide will assist in determining the cause and remedy to various operating conditions. You can also review our **FAQ** or **SERVICE** sections on our **WEB SITE** for more facts or contact CAT PUMPS directly.

PROBLEM	PROBABLE CAUSE	SOLUTION
Low pressure	•Worn nozzle.	•Replace with properly sized nozzle.
·	Belt slippage.	•Tighten belt(s) or install new belt(s).
	•Air leak in inlet plumbing.	•Tighten fittings and hoses. Use PTFE liquid or tape.
	Pressure gauge inoperative or not registering accurately.	Check with new gauge. Replace worn or damaged gauge.
	Relief valve stuck, partially plugged or improperly adjusted.	•Clean/adjust relief valve. Replace worn seats/valves and o-rings.
	•Inlet suction strainer (filter) clogged or improperly sized.	Clean filter. Use adequate size filter. Check more frequently.
	<ul> <li>Abrasives in pumped liquid.</li> </ul>	•Install proper filter.
	<ul> <li>Leaky discharge hose.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replace discharge hose with proper rating for system.</li> </ul>
	<ul><li>Inadequate liquid supply.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Pressurize inlet and install C.A.T.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Severe cavitation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check inlet conditions.</li> </ul>
	•Worn seals.	•Install new seal kit. Increase frequency of service.
	•Worn or dirty inlet/discharge valves.	•Clean inlet/discharge valves or install new valve kit.
Pulsation	•Faulty Pulsation Dampener.	•Check precharge. If low, recharge, or install a new dampener.
· uloulloii	•Foreign material trapped in inlet/discharge valves.	Clean inlet/discharge valves or install new valve kit.
Water leak		
•Under the manifold	•Worn V-Packings, Hi-Pressure or Lo-Pressure Seals.	•Install new seal kit. Increase frequency of service.
onder the manifold	Worn adapter o-rings.	•Install new o-rings.
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Into the crankcase	•Humid air condensing into water inside the crankcase.	•Install oil cap protector. Change oil every 3 months or 500 hours.
	•Excessive wear to seals and V-Packings.	•Install new seal kit. Increase frequency of service.
Knocking noise		
Inlet supply	<ul><li>Inadequate inlet liquid supply.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Check liquid supply. Increase line size, pressurize or install C.A.T</li> </ul>
•Bearing	Broken or worn bearing.	Replace bearing.
•Pulley	•Loose pulley on crankshaft	Check key and tighten set screw.
Oil leak		
•Crankcase oil seals.	•Worn crankcase oil seals.	•Replace crankcase oil seals.
•Crankshaft oil seals and o-rings.	Worn crankshaft oil seals or o-rings on bearing cover.	•Remove bearing cover and replace o-rings and/or oil seals.
•		Tighten drain plug or replace o-ring.
•Drain plug	•Loose drain plug or worn drain plug o-ring.	
Bubble gauge	•Loose bubble gauge or worn bubble gauge gasket.	•Tighten bubble gauge or replace gasket.
•Rear cover	•Loose rear cover or worn rear cover o-ring.	•Tighten rear cover or replace o-ring.
•Filler cap	•Loose filler cap or excessive oil in crankcase.	•Tighten filler cap. Fill crankcase to specified capacity.
Pump runs extremely rough		
Inlet conditions	•Restricted inlet or air entering the inlet plumbing	•Correct inlet size plumbing. Check for air tight seal.
•Pump valves	•Stuck inlet/discharge valves.	•Clean out foreign material or install new valve kit.
•Pump seals	Leaking V-Packings, Hi-Pressure or Lo-Pressure seals.	•Install new seal kit. Increase frequency of service.
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Premature seal failure	•Scored plungers.	•Replace plungers.
	<ul> <li>Over pressure to inlet manifold.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Reduce inlet pressure per specifications.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Abrasive material in the liquid being pumped.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Install proper filtration at pump inlet and clean regularly.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Check pressure and inlet liquid temperature.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Excessive pressure and/or temperature of pumped liquid.</li> </ul>	Oneok pressure and infer liquid temperature.
	<ul> <li>Excessive pressure and/or temperature of pumped liquid.</li> <li>Running pump dry.</li> </ul>	•DO NOT RUN PUMP WITHOUT LIQUID.
	•Running pump dry.	•DO NOT RUN PUMP WITHOUT LIQUID.
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